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All construction work would be planned, managed, and performed to ensure that standard worker safety goals are met. All work would be performed in accordance with good management practices, with regulations promulgated by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, and in accordance with various DOE Orders involving worker and site safety practices. To prevent serious injuries, all site workers (including contractors and subcontractors) would be required to submit and adhere to a Construction Safety and Health Plan. This Plan would be reviewed by UC at LANL staff before construction activities begin. Following approval of this Plan, UC and NNSA site inspectors would routinely verify that construction contractors and subcontractors were adhering to the Plan, including all Federal and state health and safety standards.

Tuble 2 1 Summary of Chirkk Construction Requirements				
Building/Material Usage	Hazard Category 2 Building	Hazard Category 3 Building	Administrative Offices and Support Functions Building	Other Construction Elements
Land (acres)	2.5	2.25	4.0	18 ^a
Water (gallons)	757,300	670,500	1,354,500	963,000
Electricity (megawatt-hours)	88.75	88.75	135	Not applicable
Concrete (cubic meters)	1,375	1,067	2,340	Not applicable
Steel (metric tons)	136	106	265	Not applicable
Peak construction workers	300			
Waste (nonhazardous) (metric tons)	130	99	295	10
Construction period (months)	17	17	26	6

Table 2–1 Summary of CMRR Construction Requirements

Source: LANL 2002e.

The land affected by other construction elements would include: parking (5 acres), laydown area (2 acres), concrete batch plant (5 acres) at either TA-55 or TA-6. Additionally 6 acres of land would be affected at TA-55 due to road realignment. An equal area (6 acres) at TA-6 would be affected for extensive trenching for utilities (1.5 acres), radioactive liquid waste pipeline (3 acres), and new road (1.5 acres).

Site preparation prior to the commencement of building construction at either the TA-55 site or TA-6 construction site, in whole or in part, would involve clearing the site of native vegetation. The TA-55 site would involve some removal of asphalt and concrete material at the construction site and removal of mostly grassy vegetation coverage with a few mature trees. The TA-6 construction site would require the removal of mature trees and shrubs as well as grassy vegetation coverage. No asphalt or concrete material are present at the proposed TA-6 construction site.

Noise at the site would occur mainly during daylight hours and would be audible primarily to the involved workers. Construction equipment would be maintained in accordance with applicable health and safety requirements and inspected on a regular basis. Workers would be required to use personal protective equipment (such as eye and hearing protection, hard hats, and steel-toed boots). Machinery guards would also be used as necessary based on activity-specific hazards analyses.

Clearing or excavation activities during site construction have the potential to generate dust and encounter previously buried materials that could include unknown potential release sites (PRS) containing hazardous, toxic, or radioactive materials, or objects of cultural significance. If buried materials or artifacts of cultural significance were encountered during construction, activities